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# **GSV IN BRIEF**

G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S is the market leading equipment rental company in Denmark with core customers in the engineering, building and construction industries, as well as in the public sector. Our core business is to partner with customers to meet their needs for high quality rental equipment and services, no matter if it's large, customized total enterprises or a single standard equipment. Through a continuous renewal of our fleet and digitalization of the customer experience, we are at the forefront of delivering sustainable, high quality solutions. We put people first. We want to be recognized as an attractive workplace, and our 21 departments across Denmark employ more than 500 employees. With more than 26,000 pieces of equipment, we have the widest product range in the equipment rental industry. GSV is DRA certified, meaning that we live up to the highest quality, health and safety, and environmental standards in the industry.



## LETTER FROM THE CEO

'People First' is in the DNA of GSV and has been for decades. Our dedicated employees are the pillars of our success and deserve recognition for always having the customers and other key stakeholders as top priority.

Our People First approach is well reflected in our recognition of our responsibilities in society. We have a constant focus on contributing to construction companies that are safe for personnel, reasonable for neighbours and sustainable for the climate and environment. We also contribute to a well-educated work force by training our employees in the highest safety and quality standards and by establishing an increasing number of apprenticeships.

When we look at GSV today, we see a strong, market leading and customer focused company that has evolved in recent years, especially due to this focus on the employee aspects of our business.

#### Creating a market leading and focused company

For years, it has been our vision to set new and higher standards for our industry – to be the preferred partner to our customers by meeting the exact needs of each and everyone whether it is a small craft business or the biggest construction companies on the market.

Within the last years, GSV has grown significantly. It has been a strategic priority to develop the business through acquisitions, most recently by the acquisition in 2018 of Ramirent Denmark, to serve our customers better. The authorities approved the merger in March 2019. The merger of GSV and Ramirent Denmark has been completed and Ramirent Denmark is now fully integrated into GSV. We also in 2019, decided to divest our Scaffolding and Pavilion

business units in order to sharpen focus on our core rental business. Both the Scaffolding and Pavilion business units are good profitable units, which can develop their full potential with their new owners. We wish our former employees and the new owners all the best with their ventures.

GSV is now even more focused, and the largest player in the rental equipment industry for the engineering, building and construction industries in Denmark and offer an excitina line of services.

The main benefits for our customers are:

- Broad and deep product offering We are the preferred one-stop shop for more than 7,000 large, mid-sized and small customers by having the industry's highest quality and widest variety of products. Our customers know that no matter what type of equipment they need, they can aet it from us.
- Competent workforce We provide customized and specialized service with a high level of professionalism.
- A local partner Our country-wide network of service centres ensure local engagement and customer proximity offering dedicated service, fast delivery and local on-shelf availability of most equipment.
- Site management solution We offer construction site management for our customers, which includes service

management and consulting, waste management and sorting, logistics and design of construction site, help securing a safe environmental friendly and efficient work environment.

 Digital solutions – Our new app platform for renting and returning equipment was successfully launched during 2019. We have already seen a solid customer uptake and expect this to increase when as we continue to grow our digital footprint in 2020. The GSV App gives the users a convenient platform to rent equipment, secure an overview of rented equipment and expediently return the equipment at the end of usage.

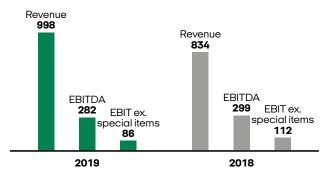
#### Mixed market conditions in 2019

In 2019, the market for building constructions was growing while being more challenging for major civil construction projects. The growth in the building industry was mainly observed in larger cities, where GSV has a strong presence.

Among the major projects benefitting from GSV services in 2019 were Metro Copenhagen, Storstrøm Bridge, data centres, railway projects in Denmark, Norway and Sweden as well as preparation activities to the Fehmann project for which GSV offer to deliver all solutions and services to the winning construction companies.

#### **GSV HOLDING A/S FINANCIAL TRENDS**

DKKm



Financial performance did not meet expectations.

Revenue 2019 was DKK 998m compared to DKK 834m in 2018.

Despite the growth of 20%, this was lower than planned. The combined business of GSV and Ramirent Denmark should have produced a higher revenue line. Consequently, we saw a decline in EBITDA margins from 36% to 28% among other factors caused by acquisition of Ramirent.

	2019	2018	
EBITDA Margin	28%	36%	
EBIT ex. Special Items Margin	9%	13%	

The subsequent lower EBIT Margin exclusive of Special Items of 9% led to a Return on Invested Capital (before special items, tax and goodwill) of 8.2%.

At the end of 2019, we completed the sale of Scaffolding and Pavilion Activities. Together with a strong free cash flow, this allowed us to repay all bank debt at year end and build a healthy cash balance of DKK 110m. Our funding at year-end 2019 is composed only of asset based leases at a suitable level.

To address the unsatisfactory result we decided at the end of 2019 to adjust the organization putting a strong focus on local representation and service.

#### **Continued strong Leadership**

With the fast pace of the rental equipment industry, we have maintained a high level of employee development. During 2019, we have strengthened the leadership throughout the company by empowering local departments. We have also hired strong management profiles such as our new CFO. Our emphasis on employee development and leadership has been crucial in ensuring faster decision making in operations, providing high quality customer service and obtaining high employee satisfaction.

#### GSV - A great place to be involved

We will continue to develop GSV as a great partner to our employee, customers, partners, investors and society. 'People first' is at the core of our business and with our new operational model, we provide better development opportunities for our employees as well as better products and services for our customers. In 2020 we will also continue to invest in sustainable products with less climate impact and have comitted the majority of our capex investments for battery and electrically driven equipment in order to support ours and our customers' contribution to the UN Sustainable Development Goals and climate goals set by the local and national authorities.

Thus, I look back on 2019 with great pride and welcome 2020 with enthusiasm and confidence - there are many exciting opportunities for GSV, and we have the right strategy to further advance our market leading position.

CEO, Dan O. Vorsholt



We want to support our clients and their wish to meet the climate goals set by the local and national government.

CEO. Dan O. Vorsholt

We help our customers improving Denmark through rental of high-quality equipment and running our business with focus on people, quality and service with personal touch

### **MISSION AND VISION**



### We help our customers improving Denmark

Through rental of high-quality equipment and running our business with focus on people, quality and service with personal touch

#### **GSV WANT TO BE RECOGNIZED AS:**



VISION

- An innovative business partner for our customers and suppliers
- An attractive workplace for our employees
- A good investment for our shareholders

#### **GSV SERVES THE ENTIRE CONSTRUCTION SITE**



**HEAVY EQUIPMENT** 



**EOUIPMENT** 



SMALL **EOUIPMENT** 



LIFT

**PLATFORM** 



MODULAR

SPACE



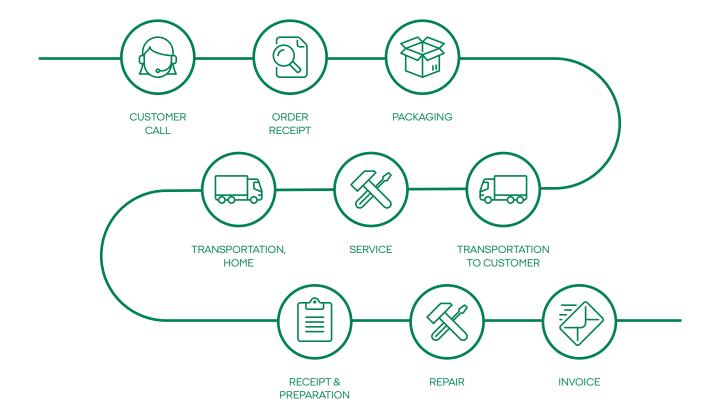
SOLUTIONS

GSV is located in 21 different departments across **Denmark** 



#### **GSV'S BUSINESS MODEL**

Every working day of 2019, GSV delivered approximately 7,800 pieces of equipment to our customers. 21 departments throughout the country are working 24-7 to secure timely and high-quality delivery. More than 80% of the daily deliveries were ordered from customers with less than 24 hours' notice and with delivery performance of more than 99%.



GSV is the market leading equipment rental company in Denmark with core customers in the engineering, building and construction industries, as well as in the public sector. Our customers are large-scale entrepreneurs and constructors, mid-sized craft enterprises and small companies with a shared need for high quality rental equipment and services.

21 departments in Denmark

471

[average] employees

+26,000

pieces of equipment

+7,000

large, mid-sized and small customers

#### THEME

# THE FUTURE OF SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION

Together with suppliers and customers, we want to focus on establishing sustainable construction sites that are economically effective, safe for employees, not burdensome for the local communities and environmentally responsible.

It is estimated that on a global scale, there will be built just as much within the next 40\* years as we have done in the last 200 years. Considering that the building and construction industry today accounts for up to 50% of global energy consumption, 50% of global water consumption, 60% of material consumption and 50% of waste for landfill, there is an urgen need to rethink the entire industry. In Denmark alone, 40% of all waste comes from the building and construction industry and it accounts for up to 40% of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

GSV is primarily involved in the establishment and operation of engineering and construction sites and rental of equipment.

#### The industry's green transition is a win-win

We believe, that it will be possible to establish large emission or fossil free construction sites within 4-5 years, and when the rental equipment industry switches to sustainable solutions, it will be beneficial for the environment (less consumption of non-renewable resources, less waste, fewer emissions), for the companies (better product economy and competitive advantages], for the local communities [less noise, odour and fewer particle emissions] and for the global climate (less CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel and production of building materials, such as concrete).

But it's a shared responsibility to create sustainable solutions - no one can do it alone, as we need a level playing field for all. With respect to the construction process itself, we must strive towards a common framework and requirements that are aligned - from owner and contractors to constructors and equipment providers. As an added plus. partnerships allow you to experiment and test new, sustainable solutions.

Someone must take the lead - in GSV we are already deep into the green transition. The majority of our investments in 2019 were in climate neutral equipment. Today, a large part of our units runs on electricity or battery. In addition, precise planning of transport helps to avoid unnecessary driving, and we are implementing measures for reduction of idle travel, optimal waste management, water saving measures, etc.

Through recent years' acquisitions and divestments, GSV has established itself as the market leading rental company in Denmark. This provides us with major business opportunities, and it also entails a responsibility to lead by example.





In October 2019, GSV hosted the conference 'future of sustainable construction', where GSV, suppliers, contractors and constructors discussed future trends in the construction industry and what ambitions and visions in sustainability and climate protection prevail in Copenhagen, Denmark's largest growth area. Top picture: Dan O. Vorsholt, CEO at GSV, and Frank Jensen, Lord Mayor of Copenhagen

> **→ READ MORE AT** HTTPS://FREMTIDENSBYGGERI.DK/

#### SUSTAINABILITY IS A COMMON RESPONSIBILITY

All entities in the building and construction industries have a role to play in contributing to a more sustainable future, but we need to work together to succeed. Here are some of the key contributions that main players can provide to a greener construction site.

### **GSV**

- Offer equipment based on electricity or batteries
- Continuous maintenance and supervision of equipment
- · Reduction of noise and emissions by using new, fuel efficient models
- · Digitalization to improve eco-efficiency and utilization, safety and communication
- · Efficient construction planning
- Safe and respectful handling of building materials

### **ENTREPRENEUR/** CONSTRUCTOR

- No idling of machinery
- Waste sorting and correct disposal
- · Reduced water and energy consumption



#### **SUPPLIER**

- · Research into alternative and efficient combustion enaines
- · Optimized planning of routes and timing

#### **CONSULTANT**

- Availability of sustainability experts
- · Sustainability training of contractors
- · Assessments of projected solutions and material selection



#### CONTRACTOR

- Sustainable materials requirements
- Tender requirements
- Limited transportation and no idling
- Responsible demolition and waste sorting
- Water and energy preservation
- Seasonal planning to adjust to weather conditions

In GSV we are already deep into the green transition. In 2019 alone, the majority of our investment in rental equipment were spent on climate neutral equipment. Today, a large part of our units run on electricity or battery.

## **KEY FIGURES IN 2019**

GSV have in 2019 focussed on integration of Ramirent and divestment of Pavilions and Scaffolding, securing a solid financial position for 2020. With Ramirent now integrated, GSV can now focus on continued improvements of the core rental business in 2020.

(All amounts in the report is stated in DKK)

**REVENUE IN 2019** 

**DKK 998m** 

2018: DKK 834m

**EBITDA** 

**DKK 282m** 

2018: DKK 299m

PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR

**DKK 31m** 

2018: DKK 63m

**EBITDA-MARGIN** 

28%

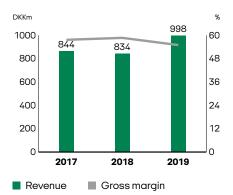
2018:36%

**RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL EXCL. GOODWILL** 

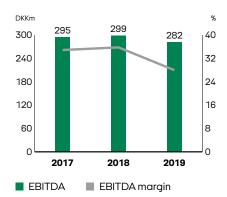
8.2%

2018: 11.9%

#### REVENUE DEVELOPMENT



#### EBITDA DEVELOPMENT



## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE GROUP

DKKm	2019	2018	2017	2016	8 mths. 2015
INCOME STATEMENT					
Revenue	998	834	844	863	476
Gross profit	552	490	487	473	227
EBITDA before special items	282	299	295	293	206
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	-195	-187	-183	-199	-139
Special items	5	-9	-20	-9	-16
EBIT	91	103	92	85	51
Finance income and finance costs	-26	-21	-28	-24	-14
Profit/loss for the year	31	63	42	49	30
BALANCE SHEET					
Total assets	1,681	1,584	1,597	1,681	1,610
Investments in property, plant and equipment  Equity	232 639	216 604	192 541	246 500	176 403
CASH FLOW STATEMENT					
Cash flow from operating activities	236	217	234	221	
Cash flow from investing activities	343	-45	25	-314	
Cash flow from financing activities	-471	-174	-323	142	
Cash flows for the year	107	-2	-64	48	

%	2019	2018	2017	2016	8 mths. 2015
FINANCIAL RATIOS					
Gross margin	55%	59%	58%	55%	48%
EBITDA margin	28%	36%	35%	34%	43%
Operating margin before special items	9%	13%	13%	11%	14%
Operating margin	9%	12%	11%	10%	11%
Return on invested capital					
excl. goodwill	8%	12%	10%	10%	5%
Current ratio	84%	43%	47%	52%	97%
Return on equity	5%	10%	8%	10%	7%
Solvency ratio	38%	38%	34%	30%	25%
Number of employees	471	384	392	398	

Financial highlights for 2016-19 are prepared in accordance with IFRS. The comparative figures for 2015 have not been restated to reflect the change in accounting policies, but have been prepared in accordance with the previous accounting policies based on the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The 2015 figures represent the period from May to December.

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' quidelines on the calculation of financial ratios "Recommendations and Ratios".

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### COMMENTS ON THE 2019 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

GSV group consists of G.S.V. Holding A/S and the subsidiary G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S.

The principal activity of G.S.V. Holding A/S is to own the shares in G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S which is the operational company (hereinafter the group is referred to as 'GSV'].

GSV is the market leader within equipment rental for building and construction and offers a one-stop-shop rental concept with a wide range of rental and service solutions for construction, developers, industrial companies and the public sector.

The rental fleet includes lifts, platforms, sheds/modules in addition to the market's broadest portfolio of construction equipment.

GSV services more than 7,000 customers from 21 departments throughout Denmark with the largest product range in the equipment rental industry.

The average number of employees increased during the year from 384 in 2018 to 471 in 2019 mainly as a result of the Ramirent acquisition.

#### Income statement

The year's total revenue amounts to DKK 998m compared to revenue of DKK 834m in 2018. The increase in revenue is mainly due to the acquisition of Ramirent in March 2019.

Profit for the year before depreciation, amortisation and interest [EBITDA] amounted to DKK 282m compared to DKK 299m in 2018.

The EBIT for the year is impacted by non-recurring costs associated with acquisitions and other non-recurring costs totalling an income of DKK 5m due to badwill recognition. [2018: cost of DKK 9m].

In 2019, GSV had a cash conversion of 92% compared to 80% in 2018.

#### **Balance and equity**

GSV's total balance was increased by DKK 97m during the year and totalled at year-end DKK 1,681m.

The Company repaid all acquisition financing totalling DKK 221m during the year.

GSV supports our customers with a modern and updated fleet of rental equipment to continue to be their preferred rental partner. In 2019, GSV made investments of DKK 169m in rental equipment.

Equity at year-end amounted to DKK 639m compared to DKK 604m at year-end 2018.

#### Outlook 2020

We expect to increase revenue in 2020 through organic growth compared to the equivalent 2019 business.

The 2020 EBITDA margin is expected to increase. Synergies from the acquisition of Ramirent are expected to increase as we move into a full year of ownership.

The focus on continued operational improvement in 2020 will continue.

For further information, visit the website wwwGSVdk



## **OUR STRATEGY**

In 2019 we continued to develop the company towards our goal of becoming a world class rental equipment business. Following the completion of the integration of Ramirent, we have commenced a new strategic plan based on four areas of development.



#### **NEW SOLUTIONS**

We want to deliver top service by developina and offerina new solutions that meet or exceed customer expectations. For example, we will offer to take over responsibility for construction site management to free up our customers' resources to focus on their core businesses. We will also support our customers to deliver ambitious CO2 reductions by providing electric or battery driven solutions across our equipment portfolio. Finally, we will continue to enhance digital platforms to provide efficient user experiences and support customer business processes by providing comprehensive and timely information on equipment and customers' transactions.



#### **LOCAL BUSINESS**

We want our customers to experience the unique, combined support from the national GSV organization and the local centres - because ultimately, the rental business is a local business. Our local centres are equipped to support and cater for both local, small and mid-sized customers and larger, national entrepreneurs. We offer management support and custom made services adapted to local needs as we believe that first hand, local knowledge is vital in servicing our many customers irrespective of size.



#### **MARKET SHARE**

We want to increase our market share by taking over responsibility for a larger share of the customers' equipment, through offering of digital solutions, and by offering sustainable alternatives. We believe in scale and we are certain that many smaller equipment portfolios could be managed more efficiently if acquired by GSV and rented back to the customer. The result will be lower costs and better quality to our customers. In addition, through digital offerings and focus on sustainability, we are convinced, that we are at the forefront of market developments, supporting our continued growth.



#### **GETTING IT RIGHT THE FIRST TIME**

Getting it right the first time is always best. We want to improve the quality of our administrative services by investing in technology and process improvements. We want our customers to receive the right equipment - the right service - the right invoice on time - the first time. We will use our scale to develop world class processes servicing our customers and deliver efficiencies...

## **GSV CORE BELIEFS**

Our strategic priorities spring from our three core beliefs



#### **PEOPLE FIRST**

People is our business: Customers, employees, suppliers, owners, society and many other stakeholders. People build relations and do business with people they trust. Our products may not be so different from others' in the industry. But our services are. And they are delivered to people by people that care. We are a people-business so much more than an equipment business. We value that and build our business around this imperative.



#### **CUSTOMER CENTRIC**

Every day we strive to meet our customers' needs and service them well.



#### **SCALE WINS**

In our industry, scale offers opportunities to improve services, quality and efficiency. This requires a strong operating model. We strive to do that better than our competitors. That is why we have taken an active role in the consolidation of the Danish market, building our position as market leader. We will continue to build scale to the benefit of our customers. our shareholders and our employees.



#### THEME

## **CLOSE TO THE CUSTOMER**

We aspire to be our customers' preferred business partner, and every day we strive to go that extra mile to fulfill their needs and service them well. We are the industry leader in Denmark and at the forefront of market developments. We help customers service their customers' needs for sustainable solutions, we provide seamless services through digitalization and we always aim to deliver on time, on place and on quality.

### **PUTTING THE CUSTOMER AT** THE CENTER OF OUR BUSINESS

#### **DELIVERY ON TIME**

We have full control of logistics and transportation to deliver all ordered equipment on time as requested and at the right place.

#### **DEDICATED CONSULTANCY AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICE 24-7**

Our experienced personnel are well trained to help customers decide which equipment best suites their needs, and our educated, service personnel is available 24-7 to solve any challenge or in the rare occasion of equipment defects.

### **HIGH QUALITY EQUIPMENT**

We are certified according to DRA, which assures that the equipment meets the highest quality standards. When renting from us, customers always get well serviced, new models, and our own workshops give full control of service and maintenance.

#### **GSV ONE-STOP APP**

Our GSV One-stop app gives the customer full overview of rented equipment, including specific location, and equipment can be ordered and cancelled at any time. Available 24-7-365.

## THE PREFERRED LOCAL ONE-STOP SHOP

•••••<u>•</u>

Our locally anchored operating model ensures local knowledge and understanding of how to best serve customers in their market. All necessary skills are placed in the local centres in order to ensure high quality service of all customers, large and small. We have the largest range of equipment and a broad network to source everything needed, even if it's not in-house.

#### MAKING BUSINESSES MORE SUSTAINABLE

With the majority of our equipment park available as electric or battery driven, we help customers reach their sustainability targets and meet the requirements from contractors for environmentally friendly alternatives.

## **OUR MARKETS**

The vast majority of GSV's activities are performed in Denmark for Danish and international companies, organizations and public customers.

The Danish market for rental equipment to the engineering, building and construction industries amounts to approximately DKK 4.4 billion and is, according to the European Rental Association, expected to grow by 2-4% over the coming years. Following a long period of high growth in most of the market, the next years are expected to provide a more varied picture with stable to slowly growing activity in the civil engineering, renovation and industrial areas when excluding effects of the Fehmarn Belt connection, expected to initiate in 2021. New buildings in the housing market are expected to decline slightly, according to the Danish Construction Association.

### **Market opportunities**

In general, the development in the equipment rental industry follows the activity level in the engineering, building and construction industries. However despite a slightly less favourable outlook for the whole market, several trends support continued growth in the equipment rental industry, e.g. sustainability and digitalization.

#### Sustainability

There is an increasing recognition among contractors and constructors to the possibility of reducing the industry's environmental footprint by renting equipment rather than owning. Some of the key sustainability benefits include higher utilization of equipment, efficiency agins, and continued renewal of the fleet facilitating quick uptake of new. more environmentally friendly technologies such as electric or battery-driven solutions. Finally, regular maintenance as conducted by professional rental companies prolongs

the expected lifetime of equipment to the benefit of both environment and business.

It is estimated that companies in the Construction Industry have an utilization rate of 15-25% for own equipment while GSV has a utilization of more than 60%. In a broader perspective, this high utilization rate - and our strong focus on high quality maintenance - is in line with the increasing global focus on creating a circular economy. This means increased reuse, recycle, repair and sharing of resources right at the core of our business.

#### Diaitalization

The equipment rental industry is generally reluctant to change and use of new technology, and very few rental companies in the Danish market have digitalized their pro-

#### **GSV IS CONTRIBUTING TO MAJOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS IN DENMARK**



**STORSTRØM BRIDGE** 



CITY & HARBOR **COPENHAGEN** 



**METRO** COPENHAGEN



LIGHT RAIL PROJECTS IN AARHUS AND ODENSE



**HIGHWAY PROJECTS** ON FUNEN AND **IN JUTLAND** 



WILDCAT AND SEDONA DATA **CENTRES** 



**RAILWAY PROJECTS** IN NORWAY AND **SWEDEN** 



**NEW HEADQUARTER OF DANSKE BANK** 

cesses. We believe that businesses at the forefront of the digitalization agenda will gain competitive edge by being able to provide personalized, efficient and sophisticated services to their customers.

GSV is dedicated to providing the best service in the industry and are leading the digitalization agenda. In 2019, we launched the One-stop app, which provides the customer with a full overview and placement of rented equipment, order and return possibility, online catalogue and other customer service functions. The digital customer experience is a key driver in the optimization of both the customers' and GSV's business processes.

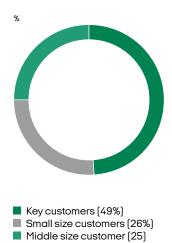
#### **Our customers**

GSV is the market leading one-stop shop for more than 7,000 large, mid-sized and small customers in the public and private markets providing the company with a resilient position with many levers for growth and profitability under changing market conditions. Our customers know, that no matter what type of equipment they need, they can get it from us.

Sales to large, key customers, constituting 49% of our revenue, increased by 3% in 2019. A dedicated key account sales team services these country-wide customers individually, who often request a wide range of equipment. In 2019, we had specific focus on identification of upcoming large-scale projects and lead generation. In addition, we have increased our local presence on construction sites to enrol new customers once the construction project is up and running.

Small and mid-sized customers are more local in nature. They employ up to 50 employees. The mid-sized customers have requirements similarly to large customers, but in smaller scale. The smallest customers often request single equipment in short periods of time and will pick-up and return the equipment by themselves. These customer units require personalised, local service, flexibility and immediate availability of equipment. In 2019, following the acquisition of Ramirent, we have had specific focus on advancing our services and establishing a standard equipment range in local offices to service small and mid-sized customers.

### **CUSTOMERS**



## **OUR PRODUCTS**

We always strive to deliver the optimal solutions and best customer service. As a one-stop shop, we offer a broad and deep range of the newest equipment. During 2019, our portfolio has been adjusted due to the divestments of the scaffolding and pavilion products and more significantly following the acquisition of Ramirent Denmark's business.

With those transactions complete, GSV's product portfolio is more streamlined, focused and attractive to our core customers in the engineering, building and construction industries.

GSV's fleet now amounts to more than 26,000 pieces of equipment. This is by far the largest and most diversified fleet in Denmark and we can fulfil the needs of many specific industries. For example, we have a sizeable fleet fitted for working under the particular conditions of rail construction.



Continuous investments ensure that our fleet is always renewed and living up to the latest quality, safety and environmental standards.



#### LIGHT EQUIPMENT



MODULAR SPACE





**HEAVY EQUIPMENT** 



- Mini dumpers
- Mini excavators
- Mini loaders



- Living units
- Office units
- Staircase units
- Entrance units.



- Dumpers, excavators and boom lifts on rail wheels
- Accessories



- Dumpers
- Excavators
- Dozer
- Graders
- Loaders





**PLATFORM** 



SMALL EQUIPMENT



SOLUTION



- Boom lifts
- Scissor lifts
- Truck lift
- Telescopic boom lifts



- Work platforms
- Mast cranes
- Loading platforms.



- Generators
- Vibrators
- Heating equipment
- Tools.



- Climate
- Access
- On-Site
- Facility
- Logistic.

Our heavy equipment covers construction equipment weighing above 15 tons. Very often our service related to heavy equipment also includes highly skilled and experienced operators.

Light equipment includes non-handheld construction and building equipment up to 15 tons, and our small equipment is generally handheld and tools.

With our modular space units we can fulfil significant and varied customer needs in temporary spacing on constructions sites. Platform equipment covers work platforms, cranes and loading units to serve requirements at construction sites.

#### Fleet investments

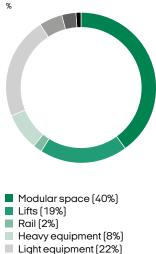
Continuous investments ensure that our fleet is always renewed and living up to the latest quality, safety and environmental standards. The investments are made based on overall market outlook as well as individual customer needs. Careful return on invested capital and total cost of ownership considerations are made to optimise investments based on quality, service and handling costs, equipment lifetime and investment size. In 2019, GSV invested 232 mDKK in its fleet to maintain an attractive, reliable and updated fleet. Our fleet currently has an average age of 4 years.

GSV is consolidating the numbers of manufacturers within the fleet to a level where each main product line only includes 2-3 major brands. While the manufacturers need to be cost competitive, our focus when selecting brands for our fleet is based on (in priority):

- 1 market demand.
- 2 auality.
- 3 availability and
- 4 service options included.

In 2019, GSV achieved average rental period of 18 days compared to 28 days in 2018. The shorter average rental period in 2019 was mainly due to shorter construction project timelines in the market, more efficient rental processes and higher customer awareness around idle equipment.

#### **EQUIPMENT TYPES**



- Small equipment (5%)
- Platforms (3%)
- Scaffolding [1%]

#### THEME

# AN AMBITIOUS CONTRIBUTION TO THE EDUCATION OF APPRENTICES

There is an increasing demand for young people to choose a craft profession and GSV happily accepts a responsibility to provide more education to attract young people to the construction industry.

In GSV, 9% of the workforce is under the age of 30, whereas 44% is over the age of 50 (end 2019). It is our ambition to attract, retain and develop more young people.

We therefore have a clear ambition to maintain the best apprenticeship program in the industry by seeking to provide our apprentices with the best possible setting on the job and in terms of educational experience. Because of this, we are working closely with the vocational school in Denmark, Erhvervsskolerne Aars, to ensure close contact between the schooling system and the apprenticeship of each individual.

As the largest equipment rental company in Denmark, we offer our apprentices an opportunity to acquire knowledge of a vast number of machinery types and models, which makes the education highly diverse, along with opportunities to explore other parts of the company.

### Safety and welfare

At GSV we prioritize safety and welfare. Thus, every apprentice has his or her own contact person who is responsible for the apprentice's necessary training as well as daily welfare. This is accounted for with follow-up interviews, which take place several times a year. In these interviews, themes like problem solving, welfare and teamwork are discussed. Furthermore, each apprentice gets instructed on safety procedures and DRA.

GSV seeks to uphold our responsibility to society by creating more apprenticeships to help students, employees, and the industry in general. By the end of 2019, GSV had 6. It is our goal that 75% of apprentices stay at GSV after the end of their apprenticeship and education.



I recommend GSV as the place to start on your apprenticeship. You learn how to operate an excavator, how to drive a wheel loader and a dozer. You learn such a variety of skills here.

Jonas Strøyer, Machine operator apprentice



# **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

#### Our approach and policies

GSV has a long-standing commitment to act responsibly. As a market leading partner for the engineering, construction and building industries, we have for decades been devoted to putting people first meaning that our focus is on creating value for our key stakeholders - our customers, employees, partners, shareholders and society. We put people before machines.

Our industry is heavily intertwined with society, be it e.g. large, transformational infrastructure projects, as job creator for thousands of smaller and medium sized business or via the impacts it has on the environment. We are committed to contributing to society, and strongly prioritize training and education of our employees and increase the number of apprentices in the organisation.

The bulk of social and environmental impacts in our value chain happens outside the scope of our company, specifically in the manufacture of the equipment, usage phase and disposal. Therefore, we work actively to partner with our stakeholders to create sustainable solutions, as most recently witnessed by our hosting of the conference, "The future of construction" in Copenhagen, October 2019. In GSV we are committed to take our share of the responsibility. Our policies for social and environmental responsibility is integrated in our certified quality management system

(QMS) and guided by the ten principles of the United Nations Global Compact. In addition, we have described how we expect our employees to conduct their business in a Code of Conduct. We have also implemented a code of conduct for our suppliers.

#### Materiality assessment and risk management

The engineering, building and construction industries today account for up to 50% of global energy consumption, 50% of global water consumption, 60% of material consumption and 50% of waste for landfill. In Denmark alone. 40% of all waste comes from these industries, and they account for up to 40% of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

GSV is primarily involved in the establishment and operation of engineering and construction sites and rental of equipment. We have no direct control of the equipment during use. We believe that the following social and environmental aspects are particularly important for us and our stakeholders:

- Health and safety of our employees
- Equipment quality and level of maintenance
- Energy consumption
- Use and handling of chemicals
- Waste handling
- Fraud and bribery

#### REPORT SCOPE

This section constitutes GSV's statutory report on corporate social responsibility for the financial year 2019, pursuant to sections 99a and 99b of the Danish Financial Statements Act. A description of our business model can be found on page 6-7 in this annual report. Included data and description of activities cover the period 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019, unless otherwise stated. Numbers are based on readings, invoices or registrations in our it-systems.



#### **ORGANIZATION**

The responsibility for GSV's CSR policies is vested in the Executive Board, while overall operational responsibility is placed with the Director for Health, Safety, Environment and Quality [HSEQ]. Execution of activities with respect to environment, health and safety is placed with the Director for HSEQ. Execution of activities with respect to labour conditions, diversity, fraud, bribery and anti-competitive behaviour is placed with the Director for HR.



#### **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

We are against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery. GSV has a zero tolerance towards fraud or bribery. Our obligation to fight corruption is governed by the code of conduct, and any violation should be reported to our CEO, Human Resources and quality manager. During 2019, we did not observe any incidents or violations of our anti-corruption policies, and we have conducted follow-up training of relevant employees.

GSV is primarily operating in Denmark and the majority of our suppliers are premium branded equipment manufacturers. The main risks related to our business is fraud and certain forms of bribery, namely related to invoicing and gift-giving. Our personnel are trained in handling invoices correctly and know what to look for to identify possible fraud. In 2019, we continued training of personnel and implemented an updated code of conduct for our suppliers, which they are obliged to sign as part of entering a business contract with GSV.



#### **LABOUR**

We want to maintain a working environment that is free from harassment and discrimination and respects diversity. We do not employ people under 18 years of age to perform work that has health and safety risks. In order to ensure that our human rights policy is also followed by our suppliers, we openly communicate the Danish law and perform compliance inspection of their documentation. We recognise the right of employees to be members of a trade union and

Our commitment is furthermore expressed in our policy on gender equality, which is applicable to Board and management levels, according to § 139c in the Danish Companies Act. Please refer to section on gender diversity.

negotiate pay and working conditions.

The main risks related to our activities include non-adherence to GSV's principle of preventing discriminatory practices and securing equal opportunities and potential legal, financial and personnel-related consequences hereof.

#### Gender diversity

GSV has a zero tolerance to discrimination and provide equal opportunities for both male and female employees with respect to salary and promotion and ensuring a good working environment for all employees to best utilize their skills and gain management responsibilities. But we operate in an industry with few female workers, and we are experiencing difficulties in recruiting female employees at all levels of the organisation.

During 2019, there were female managers in marketing, procurement, finance and HR functions as well as in one of our rental departments. In 2019, we have worked to expand the female candidate field for open management roles by requesting from our external recruitment partners that they always present their strongest female candidate for the interview rounds. We declined one female candidate and accepted one in 2019, as in the end, employees, managers and Board members are always selected and employed based on experience and competences.

Currently, the total number of Board members is six and there are no female representatives.



#### **HUMAN RIGHTS**

GSV recognizes internationally accepted human rights, including the right to a healthy and safe workplace. The main risks related to our activities include unintended incidents at our sites potentially leading to injuries.

Our QMS provides stringent procedures for handling of chemicals, personal protective equipment and work processes, as we don't accept work accidents. We work diligently with contingency planning and registration of deviations to stop accidents before they happen. An independent monitoring body audits the QMS through unannounced inspections throughout the year as well as an annual in-depth review.

In 2019, we have had specific focus on reporting of safety observations, that can be defined as close calls with the potential for injury or property loss as well as unsafe working conditions. In order to raise awareness among employees of safety observations and their importance for avoiding accidents to happen a campaign was launched resulting in a significant increase in the number of reported safety observations.

We also strengthened the health and safety organisation in 2019 by greatly increasing the local and functional representation, assigning accountability directly to line managers, and working in smaller groups with frequent meeting schedules and focus on specific issues.

We measure and monitor our health and safety work by the number of work-related accidents per million working hours (LTIF) and by the number of registered safety observations. In 2019, the development has not been satisfactorily despite an increase in the number of safety observations from 2 in 2018 to 113 in 2019 as the LTIF increased from 21.6 in 2018 to 32.0 in 2019. The higher LTIF can be partly explained by increasing awareness and improved reporting throughout the organisation. This is also evident from the 338% increase in safety observation per accident. GSV regards the more conscious safety culture as a strong and necessary foundation for the future health and safety work.



#### **ENVIRONMENT**

It is our ambition to continuously reduce the environmental impact of our business and we therefore constantly strive to reduce our resource consumption, such as energy and water, and increase our materials efficiency and limit waste amounts. Recognizing that a large part of our environmental footprint lies outside of our control, we encourage the development and diffusion of environmental and climate-friendly technologies, e.g. equipment based on electricity and batteries rather than fossil fuels, and we have included environmental considerations in our supplier code of conduct.

Our activities are subject to environmental laws and regulations governing, among other things, noise, wastewater, and waste disposal. The main environmental risks related to our activities include unintended fuel spill and leakage, as well as excessive energy consumption and incorrect waste handling. Risks are monitored locally to prevent, remedy or minimize any adverse effect on the environment. In 2019, there were no unintended environmental impacts.

Our main water and chemicals consumption relate to the washing and cleaning of equipment upon return delivery. In 2019, we have conducted extensive training of our employees in wash facilities in a joint effort with our primary cleaning agent supplier. Best practice regarding dosing and application as well as water temperature and consumption have been implemented throughout the organization.

Due to our large in- and outdoor facilities and full day and night work activity, we continuously implement the newest and most effective lighting. In 2019, we have replaced fluorescent lighting with LED in most indoor fixtures, a work that continues in 2020 with the installation of passive infrared sensors in certain areas.

#### **CSR DATA AND NON-FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

Environmental data and indicators	Unit	2019*	2018**
Water consumption	m³	16,254	11,430
Energy for heating	kwh	4,260,730	2,389,567
Electricity	kwh	2,031,173	1,269,877
Chemicals consumption	liter	18,852	14,476
Waste	mt	2,003	1,278
- Recycled	mt	1,167	393
- Incineration	mt	559	416
- Landfill	mt	272	468
Recycled waste ratio to total waste	%	58%	31%
Chemical consumption pr. delivered unit	liter	0.15	0.13
Energy for heating pr m² (building area)	kwh	89	80
Electricity consumption pr m² (building area)	kwh	42	43
Building areas	m²	47,889	29,876
Delivered units	no.	127,163	113,200
Health and safety data and indicators			
Safety observations	no.	113	2
Accidents with lost time	no.	29	20
Lost Time Incidence Frequency (LTIF)***		32.0	21.6
Safety observations per accident	no.	3.9	0.1
Gender split female/male			
Executive Management, Directors and senior managers	%	11/89	12/88
Board of Directors	no.	0/100	0/100
2019 uncludes Ramirent from 1. January 2019			

<sup>\* 2019</sup> uncludes Ramirent from 1 January 2019

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY TARGETS 2020**

It is our ambition to significantly reduce the number of work accidents and strengthen our safety culture. For 2020, we have set the following targets:

**LOST TIME** INCIDENCE **FREQUENCY** 

**NUMBER OF SAFETY OBSERVATIONS** PR. ACCIDENT

**QMS DEVIATIONS REPORTED BY MONITORING BODY** 

32.0 in 2019

3.9 in 2019

0 in 2019

### **ENVIRONMENTAL TARGETS 2020**

We have set the following environmental targets for 2020:

#### **ENERGY USED FOR HEATING**

80 KWH/M<sup>2</sup>

89 kWh/m<sup>2</sup> in 2019

**ENERGY USED FOR ELECTRICITY** 

**35 KWH/M<sup>2</sup>** 

42 kwh/m² in 2019

**FRACTION OF RECYCLED WASTE** 

58% in 2019

#### **GENDER TARGET 2020**

We have set the following gender targets for 2020:

#### FEMALE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

0% in 2019

<sup>\*\* 2018</sup> do not include Ramirent

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Work-related accidents per million working hours

## RISK MANAGEMENT

#### RISK GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

GSV is constantly seeking to manage the risks inherent in the business activities and reduce the potential financial impact of these to an acceptable level.

Central to our risk management strategy is a regular data collection from several internal systems, which provides a solid basis for management's decisions.

This process is supported by fast information flows, thorough root cause analyses and short response times accommodated by our flat organizational structure.

Our risk management approach therefore scales with our activities, enabling a timely response to issues that may have a material impact on the company's earnings, financial position and the achievement of other financial targets. The Board of Directors has the final responsibility for GSV's risk management and determines the overall framework for identifying and mitigating risks.

The Executive Board is responsible for the day-to-day compliance with the risk management framework as well as the continuous development of GSV's risk management activities.

#### PARTICULAR RISKS - OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RISKS



#### **OPERATING RISKS**

The majority of our customers operate in the engineering, building and construction industries, where the level of activity is dependent on economic macro trends, which may thus affect GSV's sales potential and thus earnings. Moreover, GSV depends on the procurement of necessary funding on market terms.

Our Executive Board and Board of Directors continuously address the development of the business in respect of customers and market to identify potential risks and to secure that GSV has adequate resources allocated to adapt to the macro economic trends



#### **FINANCIAL RISKS**

GSV's financing structure is common for private equity-owned groups. The Executive Board and the Board of Directors regularly evaluate whether the capital structure supports the achievements of overall strategic goals and long-team growth.

GSV is financed by its equity and long-term loan facilities. At 31 December 2019 the solvency ratio was 40%.

We have not taken advantage of financial transactions or used financial instruments that do not support the underlying business.

At the balance sheet date, the net interest-bearing debt was DKK 611m, which is considered an appropriate level.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**







### **CARSTEN NYGAARD KNUDSEN**

Chairman of the board

#### **PETER RYTTERGAARD** STEVE JAMES CORCORAN Deputy chairman **Board member**

Year of birth 1961 Joined the board 2015 **Directorships** 

Executive Board: Søgaarden Sjælsø ApS. Chairman: G.S.V. Holding A/S, G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S, Dane TopCo ApS, Tresu A/S, Tresu Investment A/S, Tresu Group Holding, Tresu Investment Holding A/S. **Deputy chairman:** Glunz & Jensen Holding A/S Member of the Board of Directors: Lyngsoe System Holding A/S, Lyngsoe System A/S, Stibo Fonden, Stibo Holding A/S, Stibo Ejendomme A/S, Languagewire A/S, Languagewire Holding A/S, EG A/S.

Executive Board: Buldus ejendomme ApS, Investeringsselskabet af 27/12 1985 ApS, CataCap OP ApS, CataCap DM ApS, CataCap DM II ApS, CC II Management Invest 2017 GP ApS, CATACAP GENERAL PARTNER I ApS, Mobylfie DM ApS, TPA Green ManCo ApS, CASA ManCo ApS, LW ManCo ApS, CC Fly Invest ApS, Rekom ManCo ApS, CC Globe Invest Aps.

1970

2015

Chairman: Atlantic HoldCo Limited, Atlantic OfferCo Limited Aerfin Holdings Limited, Aerfin Limited.

Deputy chairman: TPA Holding I A/S, TPA Holding II A/S, TP Aerospace Holding A/S, G.S.V. Holding A/S, G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S.

Member of the Board Directors: Kjærulff Pedersen A/S, CataCap Management A/S, CataCap General Partner II ApS, CC Orange Invest ApS, Mobylife Holding A/S, Mobylife DK A/S, Mobylife AB, Mobylife AS, Mobylife OY, CC Green Wall Invest ApS, RYTTERGAARD INVEST A/S, CC TOOL INVEST ApS, CC Oscar Invest Aps, CC SKY Invest ApS, CC OSCAR HOLDING I A/S, CASA A/S, HB-Care Leasing ApS, CC EXPLORER INVEST ApS, CC Lingo Invest ApS.

1960

2017

Member of the Board Directors: G.S.V. Holding A/S, Hawk Plant (UK) Ltd, Hawk Plant Hire Ltd, Hawk Hire Ltd, Hawk Plant Ltd, Hawk Plant Sales Ltd, Safety & Training Ltd, Enverity Ltd, EPS Plant Ltd







VIL	.HELI	<b>4 EIGI</b>	L HAHI	N PET	ERSEN
Boo	ard me	ember			

## **JENS NYHUS Board member**

#### **DAN O. VORSHOLT Board member**

Year of birth	1960	1965	1973
Joined the board	2015	2015	2015

### **Directorships**

Executive Board: Myco ApS, CataCap OP ApS, Cata-Cap DM ApS, CataCap DM II ApS, CC II Management Invest 2017 GP ApS, CATACAP GENERAL PARTNER I ApS, Mobylfie DM ApS, Casa ManCo ApS, TPA Green ManCo ApS, LW ManCo ApS, CC Fly Invest ApS, Rekom ManCo ApS, CC TRACK INVEST ApS, CC Globe Invest ApS. Chairman: CC Green Wall Invest ApS, CC Lingo Invest ApS.

**Deputy chairman:** Mobylife Holding A/S, Mobylife DK A/S, Mobylife AB, Mobylife AS, Mobylife OY, CC Oscar Holding I A/S, CASA A/S, Rekom Group A/S, CC Fly Holding I ApS, CC Fly Holding II A/S.

Member of the Board of Directors: Airhelp Limited, CataCap Management A/S, CataCap General Partner II ApS, Lyngsoe Systems Holding A/S, Lyngsoe Systems A/S, CC Explorer Invest ApS, CC Tool Invest ApS, G.S.V. Holding A/S, G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S, CC Oscar Invest ApS, TPA Holding I A/S, TPA Holding II A/S, TP Aerospace Holding A/S, CC ORANGE INVEST ApS.

Executive Board: Full list see page 31. Member of the Board of Directors: Full list see page 31. **Executive Board:** DOV Holding ApS, DHS Invest ApS. **Executive Board and member of the Board of Directors:** G.S.V. Holding A/S, G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S

Number of shares held by the board of directors: A-shares: 252,495. B-shares: 39,520.

# **EXECUTIVE BOARD**







	DAN O. VORSHOLT CEO	FRANK OLESEN COO	JESPER BRAMMING CFO
Year of birth	1973	1961	1960
Year of employment	1996	2018	2019
Directorships	Executive Board: DOV Holding ApS, DHS Invest ApS. Executive Board and member of the Board of Directors: G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S, G.S.V. Holding A/S.	Executive Board: FSFPOS2014, Nordlys Tele A/S. G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S., G.S.V. Holding A/S. Chairman: Keolis Danmark A/S. Member of the Board of Directors: Nordlys Tele A/S.	Executive Board: G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S, G.S.V. Holding A/S Chairman: Jesper Bramming Holding ApS.

Number of shares held by the Executive Board: A-shares: 247,555. B-shares: 19,760

### **JENS NYHUS Directorships**

Executive Board: Carlsberg Byen I A/S. Carlsberg Byen Komplementar ApS, Carlsberg Byen P/S, Carlsberg Byen Komplementar I ApS, Carlsberg Byen Komplementar Byggefelt 8 ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme I P/S, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme P/S, Carlsberg Byen Komplementar 20d ApS, Carlsberg Byen 20d P/S, Komplementar Carlsbera Bven BA 13 ApS. Komplementar Carlsbera Bven BA 16 ApS. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 17 ApS. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 3 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 13 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 16 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 17 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 3 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 12 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 12 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 2 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 5 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 11 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 16.3 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 2 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 5 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 11 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 16.3 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomssalg ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomsdrlft ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomssalg P/S, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomsdrlft P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 4.2 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 4.2 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6ø ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 7 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 15 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6ø P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 7 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 9 P/S. Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 P/S. Carlsberg Byen BA 15 P/S. Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig I P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig I ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig II P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolia II ApS. Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Tårn P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 11 Kontor P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 11 Kontor ApS, Carlsberg Byen Parkering P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Parkering ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Boliq ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg

Byen BA 2 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen Administrationsbygning P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Administrationsbygningen ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 5 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 5 Boliq ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Boliq I P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Bolig I ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Bolig II P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Bven BA 6Ø Bolia II ApS. Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Tårn P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 7 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 7 Bolig ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Bolig ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Udlejning P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Udlejning ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Salg P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Salg ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6V P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6V ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 10 P/S Tårn, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 10 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 14 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 14 ApS.

Member of the Board of Directors: DSB Ejendomsudvikling A/S, Carlsberg Byen I A/S, Carlsberg Byen Komplementar I ApS, Carlsberg Byen Komplementar Byggefelt 8 ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme I P/S, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme P/S, Carlsberg Byen Komplementar 20d ApS, Carlsberg Byen 20d P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 13 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 16 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 17 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 3 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 13 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 16 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 17 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 3 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 12 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 12 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 2 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 5 ApS. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 11 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 16.3 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 2 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 5 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 11 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 16.3 P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Eiendomssala ApS. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Eiendomsdrlft ApS. Carlsberg Byen Ejendomssalg P/S, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomsdrlft

P/S. Komplementar Carlsbera Bven BA 4.2 ApS. Carlsbera Bven BA 4.2 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6ø ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 7 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 ApS, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 15 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6ø P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 7 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 9 P/S, Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 P/S. Carlsberg Byen BA 15 P/S. Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig I P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig I ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig II P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Bolig II ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 9 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 10.3 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 11 Kontor P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 11 Kontor ApS, Carlsberg Byen Parkering P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Parkering ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Bolig ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 2 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen Administrationsbygning P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Administrations by an ingen ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 5 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 5 Bolig ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 60 Bolig I P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 60 Bolig I ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Bolia II P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 60 Bolia II ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 60 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6Ø Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 7 Bolig P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 7 Bolig ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Bolia P/S. Komplementar Carlsbera Byen BA 15 Bolia ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Tårn P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 15 Tårn ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Udlejning P/S. Komplementar Carlsbera Byen Eiendomme Tårn Udleining ApS, Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Salg P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen Ejendomme Tårn Salg ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 6V P/S. Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 6V ApS. Carlsberg Byen BA 10 P/S Tårn, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 10 ApS, Carlsberg Byen BA 14 P/S, Komplementar Carlsberg Byen BA 14 ApS.

## STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of G.S.V. Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and Danish disclosure requirements according to the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January -31 December 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Group's and the Parent Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year, cash flows and of the Group's and the Parent Company's financial position and a description of the most significant risks and uncertainties that the Group faces.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Hedehusene, 21 February 2020

Executive Board:

Frank Olesen

**Board of Directors:** 

Dan Vörsholt

Carsten Nygaard Knudsen

Chairman

Peter Ryttergaard Vice chairman

Vilhelm Eigil Hahn Petersen

Jens Nyhus

Dan Vorsholt

Steve James Corcoran

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of G.S.V. Holding A/S

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Group's and Parent Company's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Audited financial statements**

G.S.V. Holding A/S' consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 comprising the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as for the Parent Company (the financial statements). The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standard on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark.

Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or the parent company financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

• identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting

from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regardina the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 21 February 2020

**KPMG** 

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Henrik O. Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no. 15839

Klaus Rytz

State Authorised **Public Accountant** MNE no. 33205



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# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT** OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
Revenue	3	997,799	834,021
Direct costs	4	-408,812	-328,082
Other operating income		24,314	28,611
Other external costs	5	-61,128	-44,688
Gross profit/loss		552,173	489,862
Staff costs	6	-270,539	-190,939
Profit/loss before interest, taxes,			
depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		281,634	298,923
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	7	-195,155	-187,355
Special items	8	4,603	-8,833
Operating profit (EBIT)		91,082	102,735
Finance income		138	181
Finance costs	9	-26,290	-21,153
Profit/loss before tax		64,930	81,763
Tax on profit/loss for the year	10	-33,519	-18,315
Profit/loss for the year/total comprehensive income		31,411	63,448
Profit/loss for the year/			
total comprehensive income is attributable to:			
Shareholders in G.S.V. Holding A/S		31,411	63,448
Profit/loss for the year/total comprehensive income		31,411	63,448

# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

DKK'000 Note	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Intangible assets 11	216,204	357,666
Property, plant and equipment 12,17	1,158,123	1,064,793
Deposits 13	7,545	7,958
Receivables from Parent Company	150	0
Total non-current assets	1,382,022	1,430,417
Current assets		
Finished goods for resale and spare parts	15,105	14,569
Trade receivables 14	168,371	116,105
Other receivables	2	301
Prepaid costs 14	5,942	20,288
Cash and cash equivalents	110,038	2,539
Total current assets	299,458	153,802
Total assets	1,681,480	1,584,219

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	15	5,021	4,996
Share premium		50,277	49,405
Retained earnings		584,114	549,959
Total equity		639,412	604,360
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax	16	138,216	103,175
Loans from credit institutions	24	0	171,100
Lease liabilities	24	546,580	344,630
Total non-current liabilities		684,796	618,905
Current liabilities			
Loans from credit institutions	24	0	50,369
Loans from Parent Company	24	0	112
Lease liabilities	24	173,997	126,789
Banks		0	39,023
Trade payables	24	100,394	107,916
Current tax payable		23,199	3,566
Other payables		59,682	33,179
Total current liabilities		357,272	360,954
Total liabilities		1,042,068	979,859
Total equity and liabilities		1,681,480	1,584,219

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Share premium	Total equity
Equity at 1 January 2019	4,996	549,959	49,405	604,360
Total comprehensive income for 2019	•	·	•	•
Profit/loss for the year/				
other comprehensive income	0	31,411	0	31,411
Total comprehensive income for the year	0	31,411	0	31,411
Transactions with owners				
Share capital increase	25	0	872	897
Sale/purchase of treasury shares	0	2,744	0	2,744
Total transactions with owners	25	2,744	872	3,641
Equity at 31 December 2019	5,021	584,114	50,277	639,412

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Share premium	Total equity
Equity at 1 January 2018	4,955	488,494	47,148	540,597
Total comprehensive income for 2018				
Profit/loss for the year/ other comprehensive income	0	63,448	0	63,448
Total comprehensive income for the year	0	63,448	0	63,448
Transactions with owners				
Share capital increase	41	0	2,257	2,298
Sale/purchase of treasury shares	0	-1,983	0	-1,983
Total transactions with owners	41	-1,983	2,257	315
Equity at 31 December 2018	4,996	549,959	49,405	604,360

# **CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
Profit/loss for the year		31,411	63,448
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		195,155	187,355
Other adjustments of non-cash operating items	20	44,314	18,248
Cash flow from operations before changes in working capital		270,880	269,051
Changes in working capital	21	870	-13,431
Cash flow from operations		271,750	255,620
Interest income received		138	181
Interest expense paid		-26,290	-21,153
Income taxes paid		-10,089	-17,409
Cash flow from operating activities		235,509	217,239
Purchase of intangible assets	11	-7,052	-2,282
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	12,22	-23,745	-101,447
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	12	614,578	59,042
Acquisition of subsidiaries and activities	19	-240,938	0
Cash flow from investing activities		342,843	-44,687

DKK'000 Note	2019	2018
Payment of debt to credit institutions	-260,492	-58,000
Proceeds from debt to credit institutions	0	5,536
Payment of lease liabilities	-213,740	-122,039
Payment of debt to Parent company	-262	-134
Sale/purchase of treasury shares	2,744	-1,983
Capital increase	897	2,298
Cash flow from financing activities	-470,853	-174,322
Cash flow for the year	107,499	-1,770
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,539	4,309
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	110,038	2,539
Unutilised credit facilities at year end	155,762	23,625

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

G.S.V. Holding A/S is a public limited company incorporated in Denmark. The annual report for 2019 includes both the consolidated financial statements of G.S.V Holding A/S and its subsidiaries [GSV] and separate financial statements of the parent company. Reference is made to page 66 for the parent's specific accounting policies.

The consolidated financial statements for the period 1. January to 31 December 2019 have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional Danish disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act for reporting class C (large) entities.

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK), which is the Parent Company' and the reporting entities' functional currency.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, except where IFRS explicitly requires use of other values. Otherwise, the accounting policies are as described below.

G.S.V. has implemented all relevant new or revised International financial Reporting Standards and IFRIC Interpretations with effective date 1 January 2019 or earlier. The accounting policies applied are unchanged from those applied in the Annual Report 2018.

Effective from 1 January 2019 GSV has reassessed the useful lives on rental equipment and in the process changed the range for useful lives from 5-15 years to 5-20 years. Generally this has increased the estimated useful lives for assets grouped as rental equipment. The reassessment have reduced depreciations in 2019 with app. DKK 60 million and the reduction in depreciations for 2020 is expected to be a little higher.

#### Basis of consolidation solidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent Company, G.S.V. Holding A/S, and subsidiaries over which the Parent Company exercises control. The Parent Company is considered to exercise control over another entity when the Company has the voting power in the subsidiary, the possibility or right to receive dividends from the subsidiary and possibility to use the voting power to influence the rate of dividends.

On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, shareholdings, balances, dividends and realised and unrealised gains and losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated.

#### **Business combinations**

When acquiring new entities, the acquisition method is applied under which identifiable assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. Restructuring costs that are already recognised by the acquirer at the acquisition date and that are not a part of the acquisition are included in the acauisition balance sheet and thus the determination of accodwill. Restructuring that is recognised by the acquirer at or after the date of acquisition is recognised in the income statement. The tax effect of revaluations is recognised as deferred tax.

Positive differences (goodwill) between the purchase consideration and the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired, including contingent liabilities, are recognised as intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised but tested for impairment at least once a year. The initial impairment test is conducted before the end of the year of acquisition. Negative goodwill is recognised as income in the income statement at the acquisition date.

Goodwill and negative goodwill from acquired entities may be adjusted until 12 months after the acquisition date. Newly acquired or newly established entities are recognised in the financial statements from the date of acquisition. Sold or discontinued entities are recognised until the date of disposal. Comparative figures are not adjusted to reflect newly acquired entities.

For business combinations such as purchases and sales of equity, mergers, divisions, asset transfers and share exchanges, etc. between companies under the control of the Group, the aggregation method is used. The agaregation is considered as completed at the date of acquisition retroactively until the beginning of the financial year without adjusting comparative figures. Differences between the agreed consideration and the acquired Group's carrying amount are recognised in equity.

#### Materiality in presentation'

In connection with the preparation of the annual report Management provides the disclosures reauired by IFRS unless the information is considered irrelevant or immaterial to the users of the annual report.

#### Foreign currency translation

All entities in GSV uses DKK as functional currency.

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as finance income or finance costs.

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognized in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as finance income or finance costs.

#### Revenue

Revenue consist of rental income from construction equipment, related services and goods. Rental income from short-term rental agreements and operating leases is recognised straight-line in the income statement according to the agreed term of the contract, during which the customer has the right to use the underlying asset. Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when control over a good or service has been transferred to the customer. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, i.e. excluding VAT and other taxes charged. All discounts granted are deducted from revenue.

#### **Direct costs**

Direct costs include costs which are directly related to the activity such as purchase of equipment, rental expenses, fleet preparation costs and transportation costs.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items secondary to the activities of the entities, including gains on the disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Other external costs

Other external costs include costs relating to operating and maintaining equipment and property as well as sales and administrative expenses.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday allowance and pensions as well as other social security costs, etc. for the Company's employees. Refunds from public authorities have been deducted from staff costs.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets, rental equipment, other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements.

#### Special items

Special items are used in connection with the presentation of profit or loss for the year to distinguish consolidated operating profit from exceptional items, which by their nature are not related to GSV's ordinary operations or investments in future activities.

Special items comprise:

- Restructuring costs, impairment costs, etc. relating to fundamental structural, procedural and managerial reorganisations as well as any related gains or losses on disposals
- Transaction and restructuring costs relating to acquisition and divestment of enterprises

#### Finance income and costs

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Finance income and costs comprise interest income and expense including the interest element of finance lease payments, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises current tax for the year, adjustments to prior years and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. Tax is recognised in tincome statement except for tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly to equity.

The Parent Company is part of a joint taxation scheme. Current Danish tax is allocated between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

The jointly taxed companies are taxed under the on-account tax scheme.

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill from business combinations is measured at cost less impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised. Goodwill is tested for impairment at least once a year. The value is written down to the recoverable amount if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit alias total GSV Materieludlejning A/S.

Acquired software is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Acquired software is amortised on a straightline basis after entry into service over the estimated useful life, which is 3 to 7 years.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Rental equipment and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Moreover, cost includes the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the asset as well as restoring the site at which the asset has been used.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The basis of depreciation is cost less expected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Rental equipment 5-20 years Leasehold improvements 5-15 years Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 5-15 years

The depreciation period and residual value are determined at the date of acquisition and reassessed annually.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

#### Leases

#### As lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted tor certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

GSV do not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recoanizes the lease payments associated with such leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### As lessor

The Group determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating

To classify each lease the Group makes an overall assessment based on certain indicators of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease.

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are measured at fair value at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Impairment of non-current assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually, initially before the end of the year of acquisition.

The carrying amount of goodwill is allocated to GSV's cash-generating unit at the acquisition date. Management assesses that the smallest cash-generating units to which the carrying amount of goodwill can be allocated is GSV Materieludlejning A/S.Goodwill is tested for impairment together with other non-current assets and written down to the recoverable amount in the income statement if the carrying amount is higher.

Generally, the recoverable amount is calculated as the present value of projected net cash flows [value in use] from the cash-generating unit to which goodwill is allocated.

#### Other non-current assets

The carrying amount of other non-current assets is assessed annually to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. When indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is calculated. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal or its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the asset or the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### Recognition of impairment losses in the income statement

An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit is higher than the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit. The impairment loss is recognised as depreciation/amortisation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets in the income statement.

Impairment losses on goodwill are recognised directly in profit for the year and are not subsequently reversed.

Impairment losses on other assets are reversed in case of changes in the assumptions and estimates that brought about the impairment loss. Impairment losses are only reversed to the extent that the asset's new carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that the asset would have had less depreciation/amortisation if the asset had not been subject to an impairment write-down.

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realizable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value.

Goods for resale and spare parts are measured at cost, comprising purchase price plus delivery costs.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses based on the simplified expected credit loss model

Financial assets are continually monitored in accordance with the company's risk policy. Impairment losses are recorded based on the projected loss percentage. The loss percentage is determined based on historical data for losses adjusted with the estimated effect of changes in the relevant loss-making parameters, such as economic growth, interest rates, unemployment, etc. in Denmark. The total losses are recognised in the income statement based on the expected loss throughout the duration of the receivable.

#### Prepaid costs

Prepaid costs are measured at cost.

#### **Equity**

#### Dividends

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date on which they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividend payment for the year (declaration date) is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

#### Treasury shares

Where the Parent Company purchases its own equity share capital, the consideration paid is deducted from total shareholders' equity and classified as treasury shares until such shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received is included in total shareholders' equity. No gains or losses are recognised in the purchase, sale, cancellation or issue of treasury shares.

#### Other reserves

Other reserves consist of premium on capital increase.

#### Income taxes and deferred tax

The Parent Company is jointly taxed with G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S and CC Tool Invest ApS.

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Current joint tax contribution is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities measured on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company, as a result of a past event has a present legal or constructive obligation, and it is probable that there will be an outflow of economic benefits to settle the liability.

Provisions are measured at Management's best estimate of the amount at which the liability is expected to be settled.

On measurement of provisions, the costs necessary to settle the provision is discounted to net present value if it has a material effect on the measurement of the provision. A pre-tax discount rate is used which reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The un-winding of discount is recognised as finance costs.

#### Liabilities

At initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at fair value less transaction costs. Subseauently, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments, included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed payments
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate and initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value augrantee
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise
- lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option
- penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Prepayments from customers**

Prepayments from customers recognised as liabilities comprise advance invoicing regarding income in subsequent years.

#### Fair value measurement

The Group uses the fair value concept for certain disclosure requirements and the recognition of deposits.

#### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

The cash flow statement is presented using the indirect method based on profit/loss for the year. The statement of cash flow shows the cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities for the year, and the years changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Investing and financing transactions that do not require the use of cash or cash equivalents are excluded from the cash flow statement. Cash flows relating to assets held under leases are recognized as payment of interest and repayment of debt. Non-cash transactions are disclosed in the notes.

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The impact on liquidity from acquisition and sale of entities is recognised as a separate line item under cash flows from investing activities. In the cash flow statement, cash flows from entities acquired are recognised in the cash flow statement from the date of acquisition, and entities divested up to the date of divestment.

Cash flow from operating activities are determined as profit for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, changes in working capital and corporation tax.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities, intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and other non-current

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in size or composition of the Company's contributed capital and costs in this respect as well as raising of loans, instalments on interest-bearing debt and distribution of dividend to owners.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term marketable securities with a term of three months or less which are easily convertible into cash and which are subject to only an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **Financial ratios**

Financial ratios have been calculated in accordance with the guidelines from the Danish Society of Financial Analysts, and supplemented by certain key ratios for G.S.V. Holding A/S. Financial ratios are described below and in the section "Non-IFRS financial measures".

Gross margin	Gross profit x 100		
_	Revenue		
EBITDA margin*	EBITDA x 100		
	Revenue		
Operating margin before Special items*	[EBIT - Special items] x 100		
	Revenue		
Operating margin	Operating profit x 100		
	Revenue		
Return on invested capital	Operating profit x 100		
	Average invested capital		
Invested capital	Operational intangible assets and property, plant		
	and equipment as well as net working capital		
Currentratio	Current assets x 100		
-	Short-term debt		
Return on equity	Profit from ordinary activities after tax x 100		
	Average equity		
Solvency ratio	Equity ex.non-controlling interests at year end x 100		
_	Total equity and liabilities at year end		

<sup>\*</sup> Non-IFRS financial measures. The Group presents financial measures in the Annual Report that are not defined in IFRS. The Group believes these non-GAAP measures provide valuable information to the Group's management when evaluating performance. Since other companies may calculate these differently from the Group, they may not be comparable to the measures used by other companies. These financial measures should therefore not be considered to be a replacement for measures defined under IFRS.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

#### Significant estimation uncertainties and assumptions

The calculation of the carrying amount of certain assets and liabilities requires estimates and assumptions about the future.

The estimates and assumptions made are, among others, based on historical experience and other factors, which Management considers appropriate according to the circumstances, but which by nature are uncertain and unpredictable. Prerequisites may be incomplete or inaccurate, and unexpected events or circumstances may occur. Due to the risks and uncertainties to which the Company is subject, actual outcomes may deviate from the estimates made.

It may be necessary to change past estimates due to changes in the circumstances that were the basis of the previous estimates or due to new knowledge or subsequent events.

Estimates that are particularly significant for the financial reporting are made i.a. upon business combinations in connection with purchase price allocation, upon impairment test of goodwill and upon determination of lease terms for property leases.

In December 2018 GSV entered an agreement to buy Ramirent Denmark and in March 2019 the Danish Competition and Consumer Authority approved the transaction. The purchase is recognised and measured as a business combination.

Upon business combinations, the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree must be identified and valued at fair value. Typically, there are no active markets for these assets and liabilities that can be used for fair value measurement, thus valuation models with input of variables are used. The fair value may therefore be subject to uncertainty and may be subject to subsequent adjustments.

The annual impairment test of goodwill is estimated by i.a. expected future cash flows, discount rate, etc. These estimates may be subject to uncertainty and may change the calculation if the parameters change. However, Management has estimated that there is no impairment of goodwill and no need for the preparation of sensitive analyses as Management has assessed that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions will not lead to impairment. The matter is described in further detail in note 11.

The Company's property leases allow for extension at the discretion of the Company. The determination of the lease term is significant to the calculation of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets, and consequently, due to discounting, to depreciation and interest costs of the year. Management has assessed the probable lease term for individual leases in relation to the Company's strategic goals and current plans. If these goals and plans are changed, the lease liabilities and right-of-use assets are revised. The matter is described in further detail in note 17.

#### Significant accounting judgements in applying the accounting policies

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, Management makes judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which may have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Based on historical experience and expectations concerning the future use of property, plant and equipment, Management has reassessed the expected useful lives. The reassessment have reduced depreciations in 2019 with app. DKK 60 million and the reduction in depreciations for 2020 is expected to be a little higher.

Special items imply management judgement in the separation from other items in the income statement to ensure correct distinction from operating activity.

#### **3 REVENUE**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Machinery and equipment	711,199	589,317
Pavilion and modular space	286,600	244,704
	997,799	834,021
Portions related to lease income	711,152	618,841

#### **4 DIRECT COSTS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Rental cost	109,232	91,215
Fleet preparation cost	18,632	13,329
Transport cost	77,060	58,484
Cost of goods consumed	74,468	70,545
Write-down of inventories	3,342	-676
Other service cost	126,078	95,185
	408,812	328,082

#### **5 FEES TO AUDITOR APPOINTED AT THE GENERAL MEETING**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Statutory audit fees	617	478
Tax advisory services	71	41
Other services	5,319	1,167
Total fees to KPMG	6,007	1,686

#### **6 STAFF COSTS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Payroll costs	226,727	159,890
Defined-contribution pension plans	19,728	15,273
Other social security costs	4,501	3,021
Other staff costs	19,583	12,755
	270,539	190,939
Average number of full-time employees	471	384

Portion relating to remuneration of the Executive Board and the Board of Directors:

DKK '000	Board of Directors	Executive Board	Total
2019			
Salaries and fees	800	9,075	9,875
Pensions	0	501	501
	800	9,576	10,376
2018			
Salaries and fees	800	3,461	4,261
Pensions	0	163	163
	800	3,624	4,424

The above figure includes management remuneration in the companies merged.

The Executive Board and other executives have bonus schemes based on the Company's financial performance during the financial year and individual goals.

The executive Board increased from two to three members during 2018.

The contract with the former CFO will expire 30 April 2020. Salary during the notice period is included in remuneration to executive Board in 2019.

#### 7 DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

DKK'000	2019	2018
Intangible assets Amortisation	2,106	1,781
<b>Tangible assets</b> Depreciations	193,049	185,574
	195,155	187,355

#### **8 SPECIAL ITEMS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Merger cost	0	-295
Badwill from acquisition less acquisition costs	33,917	-3,224
Restructuring costs	-6,037	-5,121
Prep of ownership change	0	-193
Loss from disposal of business unit	-23,277	0
	4,603	-8,833

#### 9 FINANCE COSTS

DKK'000	2019	2018
Interest element, discounted lease obligations	15,004	11,066
Creditinstitutions	11,186	9,612
Other	100	475
	26,290	21,153
Totalista and a second set of the forms of all		
Total interest cost related to financial		
liabilities measured at amortised cost	26,290	21,153

#### 10 TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR

DKK'000	2019	2018
Tax for the year can be divided as follows:		
Tax on profit/loss for the year	30,550	9,862
Deferred tax adjustment for the year	2,377	8,232
Adjustment of tax relating to previous years	-1,303	0
Adjustment of deferred tax relating to previous years	1,895	221
	33,519	18,315
Tax for the year can be accounted for as follows:		
Estimated 22% tax on profit before tax	14,285	17,988
Other costs not deductible and non-taxable income	18,642	106
Adjustment relating to previous years	592	221
	33,519	18,315
Effective tax rate	52%	22%

The significant change in effective tax rate is due to not deductible and non-taxable income related to sale of business unit.

#### 11 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

DKK'000	Software	Goodwill	Total
Cost at 1 January 2019	15,845	348,414	364,259
Additions	7,052	0	7,052
Disposals	0	-146,408	-146,408
Cost at 31 December 2019	22,897	202,006	224,903
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2019	-6,593	0	-6,593
Amortisation	-2,106	0	-2,106
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2019	-8,699	0	-8,699
Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	14,198	202,006	216,204

DKK'000	Software	Goodwill	Total
Cost at 1 January 2018	13,563	348,414	361,977
Additions	2,282	0	2,282
Cost at 31 December 2018	15,845	348,414	364,259
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2018	-4,812	0	-4,812
Amortisation	-1,781	0	-1,781
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2018	-6,593	0	-6,593
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	9,252	348,414	357,666

#### Impairment tests

An impairment test has been prepared of total goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit, G.S.V. Holdng A/S. Goodwill is tested for impairment at least once a year and more frequent if there are indicators of impairment. The annual impairment test is made at 31 December.

The recoverable amount is calculated based on the cash-generating unit's value in use.

The main assumptions are discount factors and growth rates in the terminal period as well as expected changes in revenue, market shares, sales prices and operating costs in the budget, forecast and terminal periods.

#### 11 INTANGIBLE ASSETS, CONTINUED

The discount factor reflects market assessments of the time value of money calculated based on a risk-free interest rate and the specific risks associated with the cash-generating unit. Discount factors are calculated on an 'after tax' basis using Weighted Average Cost of Capital [WACC].

For the purpose of calculating the cash-generating unit's value in use, the cash flows from the Board-approved budget for 2020 are used. After 2020 a 4 year forecast period are used. For financial years after the budget and forecast period (terminal period), cash flows of the last forecast period of 5 years adjusted for a conservative estimate of market growth and expected additional market shares.

The growth rate used in the forecast period (2.5%) and the terminal period (0%) respectively is based on industry forecasts.

The Group's budgets and forecasts, and thus the calculation of the recoverable amount (value in use], are significantly influenced by Management's expectations of the Group's growth up until 2024. The Group's expected market shares are thus calculated on the basis of the current market share at the end of 2019 adjusted for a conservative estimate of expected additional market shares.

Management considers the growth rates used, including increases in market shares and thus budgets and forecasts, to be realistic. Even a significant reduction in budgeted growth rates of up to 2.5% will not lead to impairment.

Estimated changes in selling prices and operating costs in the budget and terminal periods are based on historical experience and expectations of future market changes.

The impairment test does not lead to impairment.

The key assumptions used to calculate the recoverable amount are as follows:

	Market share	Revenue	Gross margin	Discount factor pre-tax %	Discount factor post-tax %
2019	23%	998	55%	6.5%	6.0%
2018	20%	834	59%	6.5%	6.0%

#### 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Fixtures		
		and fittings,		
	Rental	tools and	improve-	
DKK'000	equipment	equipment	ments	Total
Cost at 1 January 2019	1,875,241	221,354	31,697	2,128,292
Additions	168,663	55,590	8,216	232,469
Additions from acquisition	557,759	49,257	4,337	611,353
Disposals	-650,990	-64,211	-4,826	-720,027
Cost at 31 December 2019	1,950,673	261,990	39,424	2,252,087
Depreciation and impairment losses				
at 1 January 2019	-932,588	-113,256	-17,655	-1,063,499
Depreciation	-142,734	-48,073	-2,242	-193,049
Additions from acquisition	-254,129	-2,415	-3,736	-260,280
Depreciation on disposals	390,484	29,749	2,631	422,864
Depreciation and impairment losses				
at 31 December 2019	-938,967	-133,995	-21,002	-1,093,964
Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	1,011,706	127,995	18,422	1,158,123
Portion related to assets held under leases	441,481	123,818	0	565,299

#### 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, CONTINUED

		Fixtures	1 1 - 1 - 1	
	Rental	and fittings, tools and	improve-	
DKK'000	equipment	equipment	ments	Total
Cost at 1 January 2018	1,831,170	196,339	34,707	2,062,216
Additions	177,821	37,716	458	215,995
Disposals	-133,750	-12,701	-3,468	-149,919
Cost at 31 December 2018	1,875,241	221,354	31,697	2,128,292
Depreciation and impairment losses				
at 1 January 2018	-886,653	-96,205	-14,529	-997,387
Depreciation	-154,194	-28,810	-2,570	-185,574
Depreciation on disposals	108,259	11,759	-556	119,462
Depreciation and impairment losses				
at 31 December 2018	-932,588	-113,256	-17,655	-1,063,499
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	942,653	108,098	14,042	1,064,793
Portion related to assets held under leases	444,214	101,332	0	545,546

The Group has signed contracts for delivery of rental equipment in 2020 for a total of DKK 40 million (2019: DKK 44 million).

Included in additions to leasehold improvement in 2019 is refurbishments in progress with DKK 8 million [2018: DKK 0 million].

#### 13 DEPOSITS

DKK'000	2019	2018
Cost at 1 January	7,958	6,724
Additions	1,176	1,610
Disposals	-1,589	-376
Cost at 31 December	7,545	7,958
Carrying amount at 31 December	7,545	7,958

#### 14 TRADE RECEIVABLES

Risks related to trade receivables arise upon sale. It is group policy to credit rate all customers prior to contracting and daily trading activities and to determine a credit maximum. Credit exposure on customers and counterparties are monitored on a monthly basis. If the credit rating of a given customer proves unsatisfactory, separate guarantees are required for the sale. If the credit maximum on a customer is reached, additional sales will be blocked.

The Group does not have a past record of major bad debts seen in proportion to industry standards.

In 2019 actual loss on bad debt was DKK 4 million and bad debt provison was DKK 1 million [2018: DKK 6 million and DKK -2 million]. In proportion to revenue the amount was 0.4% [2018: 0.6%].

Prepayments form part of the assessment of required write-down for bad debts. The Group has entered into a 'Non-Recourse Factoring' agreement with BNP Paribas, where future benefits and risk of receivables from selected costumers are transferred from the Group to BNP Paribas. At 31 December 2019 DKK 53 million was received in connection with this agreement (2018: DKK 43 million). Apart from the above, the Group has not taken any additional measures to reduce credit risks

Trade receivables not written down are solely attributable to debtors in Denmark.

Trade receivables at 31 December, of which none has been written down, can be specified as follows:

DKK'000	2019	2018
Maturity		
Current	76,682	54,066
Up to 30 days	67,983	52,686
Between 30 and 90 days	13,527	4,394
More than 90 days	10,179	4,959
	168,371	116,105

#### 14 TRADE RECEIVABLES, CONTINUED

Expected loss on trade receivables can be specified as follows:

	Loss	Receiv-	Expected	
DKK'000	procent	ables	loss	Total
Maturity 2019				
Current	0%	76,736	-54	76,682
Up to 30 days	1%	68,348	-365	67,983
Between 30 and 90 days	10%	15,030	-1,503	13,527
More than 90 days	62%	27,478	-17,299	10,179
	10%	187,592	-19,221	168,371
Maturity 2018				
Current	0%	54,199	-133	54,066
Up to 30 days	1%	53,066	-380	52,686
Between 30 and 90 days	19%	5,399	-1,005	4,394
More than 90 days	57%	11,441	-6,482	4,959
	6%	124,105	-8,000	116,105

#### **Prepaid costs**

Prepaid costs are attributable to prepaid costs regarding rent, insurance premium, subscriptions and interest.

#### 15 EQUITY

#### Share capital

	Number o	of shares	Nomino	ıl value
DKK'000	A-shares	B-shares	A-shares	B-shares
1 January 2018	4,835	120	4,835	120
Capitalincrease	8	33	8	33
31 December 2018	4,843	153	4,843	153
Capital increase	2	23	2	23
31 December 2019	4,845	176	4,845	176

#### **Treasury shares**

	Num of she			al value (1000)		share pital
DKK'000	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
A-shares						
1 January	11,534	8,624	12	9	0%	0%
Additions	0	2,910	0	3	0%	0%
Sold	-10,745	0	-11	0	0%	0%
31 December	789	11,534	1	12	0%	0%
B-shares						
1 January	28,616	16,976	29	17	0%	0%
Additions	0	11,640	0	12	0%	0%
Sold	-28,220	0	-28	0	0%	0%
31 December	396	28,616	1	29	0%	0%

All treasury shares are owned by the Parent Company.

The capital increase during 2019 did not generate any cost for the Company.

All shares are fully paid.

#### **16 DEFERRED TAX**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Deferred tax at 1 January	103,175	94,722
Addition from acquisition	30,769	0
Adjustment related to previous years	1,895	221
Deferred tax for the year recognised in profit/loss for the year	2,377	8,232
Deferred tax at 31 December	138,216	103,175
Defermed to the recognised in the bullman shoot on fellows.		
Deferred tax is recognised in the balance sheet as follows:		
Deferred tax (liability)	138,216	103,175
Deferred tax at 31 December, net	138,216	103,175
Deferred tax relates to:		
Intangible assets	3,123	2,024
Property, plant and equipment	293,620	205,615
Leases	-158,527	-104,464
	138,216	103,175

#### 17 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET AND LEASE LIABILITIES

#### The Group as lessee

The Group leases rental equipment, fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment, etc. The lease period is typically between 3 and 6 years. For trucks it is up to 7 years with the option of renewal after the end of the period and rentals up to 10 years. None of the lease agreements contain conditional leasing services.

The amounts capitalized in the balance comprise both purchased and leased assets.

		Fixtures and fittings,	
DKK'000	Rental equipment	tools and equipment	Total
Carrying amount at 1 January 2019	444,214	101,332	545,546
Additions, net	-36,798	47,740	10,942
Amortisation	34,065	-25,254	8,811
Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	441,481	123,818	565,299
Carrying amount at 1 January 2018	457,707	93,283	550,990
Additions, net	-54,862	18,277	-36,585
Amortisation	41,369	-10,228	31,141
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	444,214	101,332	545,546

DKK'000	2019	2018
Income from subleasing right-of-use assets	244,218	197,701

#### 17 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET AND LEASE LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

#### The Group as lessor

The Group leases equipment under operating leases.

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date:

DKK'000	2019	2018
<1 year	0	23,490
1-2 years	0	11,851
2-3 years	0	876
3-4 years	0	836
4-5 years	0	0
Total undiscounted lease payments	0	37,053
Revenue from lease	23,490	22,019

#### 18 MORTGAGES AND COLLATERAL

Security has been given with a net carrying amount of DKK 140 million [2018: DKK 140 million] for the Group's bank facility at Jyske Bank.

#### 19 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In December 2018 it was announced that GSV had agreed to buy the Danish activities of the international rental group Ramirent. On 20 March 2019 the Danish competition authorities approved the acquisition of Ramirent and the acquisition was closed. Immediately after closing the two companies were merged with GSV Materieludlejning A/S as the continuing company.

With this important acquisition, GSV continues the strategic path of consolidating the Danish market for rental of equipment. This acquisition provides GSV with larger, broader and better fleet to service all our customers and gives access to service more local markets from the complementary geographic coverage acquired.

#### Recognised assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition

DKK'000	2019	2018
Property, plant and equipment	351,073	0
Inventories	5,721	0
Trade receivables	30,744	0
Cash and cash equivalents	19,506	0
Deferred tax liabilities	-31,007	0
Creditinstitutions	-46,487	0
Other payables	-35,190	0
Net assets, preliminary purchase price allocation	294,360	0
Badwill	-67,151	0
Consideration transferred	227,209	0
Adjustments for cash and cash equivalents acquired	-19,506	0
Transaction costs related to acquisitions	33,235	0
Cash consideration for acquisitions	240,938	0

The badwill is mainly attributable to Property, plant and equipment. Badwill is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as special items.

Consideration transferred amounted to DKK 227.2 million, of which DKK 227.2 million was paid in cash.

For the purpose of the acquisition, assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities were identified and recognised in the acquisition balance sheet at fair value.

#### 19 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS, CONTINUED

The Group incurred transaction costs arising from the acquisition and merger including legal costs at an amount of DKK 33.2 million. The amount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive as special items.

Upon the acquisition and with accounting effect from March 2019 the entities were merged with GSV Materieludlejning A/S as the continuing entity.

There were no acquisitions in the year ending 31 December 2018.

#### 20 OTHER ADJUSTMENTS

DKK'000	2019	2018
Other finance income	-138	-181
Finance costs	26,290	21,153
Incomes taxes	10,089	17,409
Gain on sale of PP&E	-24,314	-28,586
Provisions	35,041	8,453
Addition by merged companies	-110,135	0
Other	107,481	0
	44,314	18,248

#### 21 CHANGES TO THE WORKING CAPITAL

DKK'000	2019	2018
Changes in inventory	-536	-21
Changes in accounts receivable	-37,208	11,700
Changes in trade payables and other payables	38,614	-25,110
	870	-13,431

#### **22 NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (see note 12)	232,469	215,995
Portion relating to leased assets	-208,724	-114,548
Paid regarding acquisition of property, plant and equipment	23,745	101,447
Additions of financial liabilities	208,724	114,548
Portion relating to lease obligations	-208,724	-114,548
Cash proceeds from the raising of financial liabilities	0	0

#### 23 LIABILITIES FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

DKK'000	1/1	Cash flow	31/12
Loan from credit institutions	171,100	-171,100	C
Leasing liabilities	344,630	201,950	546,580
Non-current liabilities	515,730	30,850	546,580
Loan from credit institutions	50,369	-50,369	C
Loan from Parent company	112	-112	C
Leasing liabilities	126,789	47,208	173,997
Banks	39,023	-39,023	(
Current liabilities	216,293	-42,296	173,997
Liabilities from financing activities for 2019	732,023	-11,446	720,577
DKK'000	1/1	Cash flow	31/12
DKK'000  Loan from credit institutions	<b>1/1</b> 251,469	<b>Cash flow</b> -80,369	
Loan from credit institutions			171,100
Loan from credit institutions Leasing liabilities	251,469	-80,369	171,100 344,630
	251,469 352,142	-80,369 -7,512	171,100 344,630 <b>515,73</b> 0
Loan from credit institutions Leasing liabilities Non-current liabilities	251,469 352,142 <b>603,611</b>	-80,369 -7,512 <b>-87,881</b>	171,100 344,630 <b>515,730</b> 50,369
Loan from credit institutions Leasing liabilities Non-current liabilities Loan from credit institutions	251,469 352,142 <b>603,611</b> 28,000	-80,369 -7,512 <b>-87,881</b> 22,369	31/12 171,100 344,630 515,730 50,369 112 126,789
Loan from credit institutions Leasing liabilities Non-current liabilities Loan from credit institutions Loan from Parent company Leasing liabilities	251,469 352,142 <b>603,611</b> 28,000 246	-80,369 -7,512 <b>-87,881</b> 22,369 -134	171,100 344,630 <b>515,730</b> 50,368 112 126,788
Loan from credit institutions Leasing liabilities Non-current liabilities Loan from credit institutions Loan from Parent company	251,469 352,142 <b>603,611</b> 28,000 246 126,768	-80,369 -7,512 <b>-87,881</b> 22,369 -134 21	171,100 344,630 <b>515,730</b> 50,369

#### 24 FINANCIAL RISKS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group is, to a limited extent, exposed to financial risks, including market risks (interest rate risks), credit risks and liquidity risks. The disclosures in the note only address the most predominant risks. The Group's credit risks are described in note 14.

The overall framework for the financial risk management has been set out in the Group's finance policy. The finance policy is updated yearly and approved by the Board of Directors.

Centralised financial risk management is conducted by Management. On a monthly basis, Management monitors the Group's risk concentration within different areas such as customers, etc. Additionally, Management monitors any changes in the Group's risk concentration.

The finance policy governs the Group's investment policy, financing policy and credit risk policy in relation to financial counterparties. In addition, it describes the approved risk framework.

It is the Group's policy not to speculate in financial risks. The Group's financial strategy only sets out to manage and reduce financial risks directly attributable to the Group's operations, investments and financing.

The Group's key interest rate risks relate to financial and operating leases where the Group has mixed both variable and fixed interest rates in the leases.

In terms of interest rate sensitivity, an increase in interest rate level of 1% point p.a. relative to the interest rate level of the Company's floating-rate liabilities for a full year at the balance sheet date will have a negative impact on results for the year of DKK 7.2 million (2018: 4.2 million). A decrease in interest rate level of 1% point will have a corresponding positive impact on results for the year and equity.

#### 24 FINANCIAL RISKS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CONTINUED

The Group does not make use of hedging and is not exposed to changes in exchange rates as the Group does not engage in foreign currency transactions.

The financing structure is a standard set-up for a private equity-owned business. On a quarterly basis, the Group tests financial covenants against target.

The Executive Board and Board of Directors regularly evaluate whether the capital structure supports the Group's fulfilment of the overall targets and the realisation of long-term sustainable economic growth. The Group is financed over equity with a solvency ratio above 30% at group level, drawing facilities, trade credit, etc. The duration and interest risks for the Group are assessed to the extent necessary. At the balance sheet date, net interest-bearing debt was DKK 611 million (2018: DKK 729 million), which is deemed appropriate in relation to the balance sheet total (capital structure).

During 2019 there were covenants allocated to the Group's interest-bearing debt. During the year, the Group has renegotiated the agreement with adjusted covenants and amended repayment profile to better cater for the business needs of the Group.

The Group's risk exposure and risk management for 2019 was unchanged compared to that for 2018.

#### 24 FINANCIAL RISKS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CONTINUED

Loan from credit institutions and lease liabilities:

DKK'000	Average nominal interest rate %	Average effective interest rate%	Interest period	Carrying amount
Variable interest-bearing lease liabilities (note 17)	1.75%	2.5%	1 month	720,577
Loan from credit institutions and lease liabilities for 2019 in total				720,577
Fixed interest-bearing debt				
to credit institutions	3%	3%	3 months	221,469
Variable interest-bearing lease liabilities (note 17)	1.75%	2.5%	1 month	471,419
Loan from credit institutions and				
lease liabilities for 2018 in total				692,888

#### 24 FINANCIAL RISKS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, CONTINUED

DKK'000	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	After 5 years
2019				
Lease liabilities	754,366	186,967	536,324	31,075
Trade payables	100,394	100,394	0	0
31. december	854,760	287,361	536,324	31,075
2018				
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Credit institutions and banks	270,975	91,138	179,837	0
Lease liabilities	494,878	135,672	331,924	27,282
Trade payables	107,916	107,916	0	0
31. december	873,769	334,726	511,761	27,282

Contractual cash flows are undiscounted contractual cash flow including interests.

#### Total lease expenses recognised in the income statement

DKK'000	2019	2018
Interest expense on lease liabilities	15,004	11,066
Expenses relating to short-term leases and leases of low value	0	0
	15,004	11,066

#### 25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CATEGORIES

#### Methods and assumptions for the determination of fair value

The methods and assumptions used for calculating fair value of financial instruments are described per class of financial instruments.

Other financial instruments [measured at amortised cost in the balance sheet]

Receivables, suppliers with a short credit and other liabilities are estimated to have a fair value equal to the carrying amount.

Deposits and debt to credit institutions with interest rate are estimated to have a fair value that is approximately equal to the carrying amount.

The fair value of leases is calculated based on expected cash flows for the individual contract discounted using interest rate curves. At the balance sheet date leases was DKK 754 million [2018:DKK 495 million].

DKK'000	2019	2018
Loans and receivables		
Trade receivables	168,371	116,105
Other receivables	2	301
Receivables from Parent Company	150	0
Prepaid costs	5,942	20,288
Cash and cash equivalents	110,038	2,539
Total loans and receivables	284,503	139,233
Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost		
Loans to credit institutions	0	221,469
Loans from Parent Company	0	112
Banks	0	39,023
Trade payables	100,394	102,486
Other payables	59,682	38,610
Total financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost	160,076	401,700

#### **26 RELATED PARTIES**

For information on transactions with related parties, please refer to note 15 in the parent financial statements.

#### 27 EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that materially affects the Company's financial position.

#### 28 NEW FINANCIAL REPORTING REGULATION

At the time of the publication of this annual report a number of new or changed standards and interpretations have not yet become obligatory and have therefore not been included in this report. The new standards and interpretations will be implemented as they become obligatory. It is the management's assessment that the new standards and interpretations will not have material impact on the annual reports in the coming years.



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# PARENT STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
Other external costs	3	-568	-708
Gross profit/loss		-568	-708
Staff costs	4	-10,376	-4,424
Profit/loss before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		-10,944	-5,132
Special items	5	-114,393	-1,500
Operating profit (EBIT)		-125,337	-6,632
Finance income		0	120
Finance costs	6	-381	-475
Profit/loss before tax		-125,718	-6,987
Tax on profit/loss for the year	7	2,306	-521
Profit/loss for the year/total comprehensive income		-123,412	-7,508
Profit/loss for the year/ total comprehensive income is attributable to:			
Shareholders in G.S.V. Holding A/S		-123,412	-7,508
Profit/loss for the year/total comprehensive income		-123,412	-7,508

# PARENT BALANCE SHEET

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Equity interests in subsidiaries	8	375,062	489,455
Deferred tax	9	3,844	1,537
Receivables from Parent Company		150	0
Total non-current assets		379,056	490,992
Current assets			
Other receivables		1	0
Cash and cash equivalents		786	12
Total current assets		787	12
Total assets		379,843	491,004

DKK'000 Note	2019	2018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
Share capital	5,021	4,996
Share premium	50,277	49,405
Retained earnings	301,922	422,590
Total equity	357,220	476,991
Liabilities  Non-current liabilities  Loans from group companies 14		13,172
Total non-current liabilities	22,261	13,172
Current liabilities		
Loans from Parent Company 14	0	112
Other payables	362	729
Total current liabilities	362	841
Total liabilities	22,623	14,013
Total equity and liabilities	379,843	491,004

# PARENT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Share premium	Total equity
Equity at 1 January 2019	4,996	422,590	49,405	476,991
Total comprehensive income for 2019				
Profit/loss for the year/ other comprehensive income	0	-123,412	0	-123,412
Total comprehensive income for the year	0	-123,412	0	-123,412
Transactions with owners				
Share capital increase	25	0	872	897
Sale/purchase of treasury shares	0	2,744	0	2,744
Total transactions with owners	25	2,744	872	3,641
Equity at 31 December 2019	5,021	301,992	50,277	357,220

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Share premium	Total equity
Equity at 1 January 2018	4,955	432,081	47,148	484,184
Total comprehensive income for 2018				
Profit/loss for the year/ other comprehensive income	0	-7,508	0	-7,508
Total comprehensive income for the year	0	-7,508	0	-7,508
Transactions with owners				
Share capital increase	41	0	2,257	2,298
Sale/purchase of treasury shares	0	-1,983	0	-1,983
Total transactions with owners	41	-1,983	2,257	315
Equity at 31 December 2018	4,996	422,590	49,405	476,991

# PARENT CASH FLOW STATEMENT

DKK'000	Note	2019	2018
Profit/loss for the year		-123,412	-7,508
Other adjustments of non-cash operating items	11	112,467	876
Cash flow from operations before changes in working capital		-10,945	-6,632
Changes in working capital	12	-368	422
Cash flow from operations		-11,313	-6,210
Interest income received		-381	120
Interest expense paid		0	-475
Cash flow from operating activities		-11,694	-6,565
Payment of debt to credit institutions		0	-31,569
Payment of debt to Parent company		-262	-134
Proceeds of debt to group companies		9,089	37,925
Sale/purchase of treasury shares		2,744	-1,983
Capital increase		897	2,298
Cash flow from financing activities		12,468	6,537
Cash flow for the year		774	-28
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		12	40
Cash and cash equivalents at year end		786	12

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As Parent company of the G.S.V. Group, the financial statements of G.S.V. Holding A/S are separate financial statements disclosed as required by the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union and further requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies of the Parent are identical with the policies for the consolidated financial statements, except for the following

#### Dividends from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from investments in subsidiaries are recognized as income in the Parent's income statement under financial income in the year in which the dividend is declared.

#### Equity interests in subsidiaries

Equity interests in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Cost includes the consideration at fair value plus direct acquisition costs. If there is any indications of impairment, an impairment test is performed as described in the accounting policies applying to the consolidated financial statements. If the costs exceeds the recoverable amount, the equity interests are written down to this lower value.

When other reserves than post-acquisition profits earned in subsidiaries are distributed, the distribution is deducted from the acquisition price as the distribution is considered a repayment of the original investment in the subsidiary.

#### **2 SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES**

For the preparation of the Annual Report of G.S.V. Holding A/S. Management makes various accounting estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the statements and in the notes to the financial statements. These estimates are based on professional judgements, historical data and other factors available to Management. By their nature, estimates include a degree of uncertainty and actual results may therefore deviate from the estimates at the reporting date. Estimates are continuously evaluated, and the effect of any change are recognized in the relevant period.

Accounting judgement considered significant in the preparation and understanding of the financial statements of the Parent includes the following:

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Management assessed annually whether there is an indication of impairment of investment in subsidiaries. If so, the investments will be tested for impairment in the same way as group goodwill. In the assessment of Management, there was no such indication at 31 December 2019, and therefore investments in subsidiaries have not been tested for impairment.

#### 3 FEES TO AUDITOR APPOINTED AT THE GENERAL MEETING

DKK'000	2019	2018
Statutory audit fees	18	17
Tax advisory services	5	6
Other services	444	93
Total fees to KPMG	467	116

#### **4 STAFF COSTS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Payroll costs	9,875	4,261
Pensions	501	163
Other staff costs	0	0
	10,376	4,424
Average number of full-time employees	4	2

#### **4 STAFF COSTS, CONTINUED**

Portion relating to remuneration of the Executive Board and Board of Directors:

	Board of Directors	Executive Board	Total
2019			
Salaries and fees	800	9,075	9,875
Pensions	0	501	501
	800	9,576	10,376
2018			
Salaries and fees	800	3,461	4,261
Pensions	0	163	163
	800	3,624	4,424

The above figure includes management remuneration in the companies merged.

The Executive Board and other executives have bonus schemes based on the Company's financial performance during the financial year and individual goals.

The executive Board increased from two to three members during 2018.

The contract with the former CFO will expire 30 April 2020. Salary during the notice period is included in Remuneration to executive Board in 2019.

#### **5 SPECIAL ITEMS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Restructuring costs	0	1,500
Loss from dispossal of business unit	114,393	0
	114,393	1,500

#### **6 FINANCE COSTS**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Finance costs to related parties	381	0
Other	0	475
	381	475
Total interest cost related to financial liabilities		
measured at amortised cost	381	475

#### 7 TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR

DKK'000	2019	2018
Tax for the year can be divided as follows:		
Deferred tax adjustment for the year	-2,306	-1,537
Adjustment of deferred tax relating to previous years	0	2,058
	-2,306	521
Tax for the year can be accounted for as follows:		
Estimated 22% tax on profit before tax	-27,658	-1,537
Other costs not deductible and non-taxable income	25,352	0
Adjustment relating to previous years	0	2,058
	-2,306	521
Effective tax rate	2%	-7%

#### **8 EQUITY INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

DKK'000	2019	2018
Cost at 1 January	489,455	489,455
Loss from dispossal of business unit / impairment of goodwill	-114,393	0
Cost at 31 December	375,062	489,455
Carrying amount at 31 December	375,062	489,455

Name/legal form	Registered office	Equity interests	Equity*	Profit/ loss for the year
2019				
G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S	Hedehusene	100%	486.929	154.823
2018				
G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S	Hedehusene	100%	332.106	70.957

#### 9 DEFERRED TAX

DKK'000	2019	2018
Deferred tax at 1 January	-1,537	-2,058
Adjustment related to previous years	0	2,058
Deferred tax for the year recognised in profit/loss for the year	-2,307	-1,537
Deferred tax at 31 December	-3,844	-1,537
Deferred tax is recognised in the balance sheet as follows:		
Deferred tax (assets)	-3,844	-1,537
Deferred tax at 31 December, net	-3,844	-1,537
Deferred tax relates to:		
Losses	-3,844	-1,537
	-3,844	-1,537

#### 10 MORTGAGES AND COLLATERAL

The Parent Company has provided negative pledge as collateral for all amounts owed to G.S.V. Materieludleining A/S by the Group.

The Parent Company is jointly taxed with G.S.V. Materieludlejning A/S and CC Tool Invest ApS and its subsidiaries. The entities included in the joint taxation have joint and unlimited liability for Danish corporation tax. Subsequent corrections to taxable income may bring about an increase in liabilities. Any subsequent corrections to corporation taxes and withholding taxes may bring about an increase in the Group's liability.

#### 11 OTHER ADJUSTMENTS

DKK'000	2019	2018
Other finance income	381	-120
Finance costs	0	475
Provisions	-2,307	521
Other	114,393	0
	112,467	876

#### 12 CHANGES TO THE WORKING CAPITAL

DKK'000	2019	2018
Changes in accounts receivable	-1	453
Changes in trade payables and other payables	-367	-31
	-368	422

#### 13 LIABILITIES FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

DKK'000	01/jan	Cash flow	31/dec
Loan from credit institutions	0	0	0
Non-current liabilities	0	0	0
Loan from Parent company	112	-112	0
Current liabilities	112	-112	0
Liabilities from financing activities for 2019	112	-112	0

DKK'000	01/jan	Cash flow	31/dec
	71 500	71 500	0
Loan from credit institutions	31,569	-31,569	
Non-current liabilities	31,569	-31,569	0
Loan from Parent company	246	-134	112
Current liabilities	246	-134	112
Liabilities from financing activities for 2018	31,815	-31,703	112

#### 14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CATEGORIES

DKK'000	2019	2018
Loans and receivables		
Other receivables	1	0
Receivables from Parent Company	150	0
Cash and cash equivalents	786	12
Total loans and receivables	937	12
Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost		
Loans from Parent Company	0	112
Loans from group companies	22,261	13,172
Other payables	362	730
Total financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost	22,623	14,014

#### 15 RELATED PARTIES

G.S.V. Holding A/S' related parties comprise the following:

#### Control

CC Tool Invest ApS, Baldersbuen 5, 2640 Hedehusene

CC Tool Invest ApS holds the majority of the contributed capital in G.S.V. Holding A/S via shareholder agreement.

The financial statements of CC Tool Invest ApS can be obtained by contacting the company at the above address.

#### Other related parties

In addition, the Group's related parties comprise the Group's Board of Directors and Executive Board, executive employees and their family members. Further, related parties comprise companies in which above persons have substantial interests.

#### **Transaction with related parties**

Remuneration of the Excutive and Board of Directors has been disclosed in note 4. The executive and Board of Directors are made available for G.S.V. Group free of charge from the G.S.V. Holding.

G.S.V. Holding A/S has an intercompany account with the parent company used for minor transactions. The balance at year-end was DKK 150 thousand [2018: DKK 112 thousand]. The account do not generate interests.

In 2019 G.S.V. Group was charged a fee of DKK 4.3 million from related parties. The fee covers Commitment letter towards Jyske Bank A/S and was charged by parent companies with DKK 2.5 million, other compainies with a substantial ownership share with DKK 1 million and DKK 0.7 million from member of the Ececutive Board. Related party transactions has been carried out on an arm's lenght basis.

#### 16 EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that materially affects the Company's financial position.

#### 17 NEW FINANCIAL REPORTING REGULATION

At the time of the publication of this annual report a number of new or changed standards and interpretations have not yet become obligatory and have therefore not been included in this report. The new standards and interpretations will be implemented as they become obligatory. It is the management's assessment that the new standards and interpretations will not have material impact on the annual reports in the coming years.

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

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#### **Auditor**

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København Ø

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#### **G.S.V. HOLDING A/S**

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